

Approval date: 02/18/2004

BAYER ADVANCED, LLC A Business Unit of BAYER CropScience, LP 95 Chestnut Ridge Road Montvale, NJ 07645

For MEDICAL, TRANSFORTATION or Other EMERGENCY call 1-800-334-7577 (24 hours/day)
For Product Information call 1-800-331-2867
1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION:
PRODUCT NAME: BAYER ADVANCED LAWN Season-Long Grub Control Ready-to-Spread Granules
CHEMICAL FAMILY: Chloronicotinyl CHEMICAL NAME: 1-((6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl)-N-nitro-2 -imidazolidinimine SYNONYMS: Imidacloprid FORMULA: C9 H10 C1 N5 02 PRODUCT USE: Consumer Insecticide
2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS:
INGREDIENT NAME /CAS NUMBER EXPOSURE LIMITS CONCENTRATION (%)
***** HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS ****
Imidacloprid 138261-41-3 OSHA: Not Established
3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION:

* * CAUTION! Color: Tan; Form: Solid; Granules; Odor: None; * * Harmful if absorbed through skin; Causes eye irritation; * * Harmful if swallowed. ***********************************

MSDS Page 1 Continued on next page

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (Continued)

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY...... Inhalation; Skin Contact; Skin Absorption; Eye Contact; Ingestion

HUMAN EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

- ACUTE EFFECTS OF EXPOSURE....: Exposure during the labeled use of this product is expected to be minimal. Consumers should refer to the packaging label for proper handling procedures. No specific symptoms of acute overexposure to this product are known to occur in humans. Based on EPA Toxicity Category criteria, this product is mildly toxic by the oral and dermal routes of exposure. In addition, animal studies have shown that it is minimally irritating to the conjunctiva of the eye, but the irritation is reversible within 7 days. It does not cause skin irritation and it is not a skin sensitizer.
- CHRONIC EFFECTS OF EXPOSURE...: Based on animal studies, no adverse effects are expected from chronic exposure to this product.
- CARCINGGENICITY...... This product is not listed by NTP, IARC or regulated as a carcinogen by OSHA.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE.....: No specific medical conditions are known which may be aggravated by exposure to the active ingredient in this product.

4 DIRECT ATD MONOTORS

4. FIRST AID MEASURES:

- FIRST AID FOR EYES.....: Hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Call a physician if irritation persists or develops after flushing.
- FIRST AID FOR SKIN....: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
- FIRST AID FOR INHALATION: First, remove victim to fresh air or uncontaminated area. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention as soon as possible.
- FIRST AID FOR INGESTION: If ingestion is suspected, call a physician or poison control center. Drink one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger, or, if available, by administering syrup of ipecac. If syrup of ipecac is available, administer 1 tablespoonful (15 mL) of syrup of ipecac followed by 1 to 2 glasses of water. If vomiting does not occur within 20 minutes, repeat the dose once. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

 NOTE TO PHYSICIAN....: Treat the patient symptomatically.

MSDS Page 2
Approval date: 02/18/2004 Continued on next page

 5.	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:
EXT	SH POINT
 6.	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:
SPI	LL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing dusts and skin contact. Avoid generating dust (a fine water spray mist, plastic film cover, or floor sweeping compound may be used if necessary). Use recommended protective equipment while carefully sweeping up spilled material. Place in covered container for reuse or disposal. Scrub contaminated area with soap and water. Rinse with water. Use dry absorbent material such as clay granules to absorb and collect wash solution for proper disposal. Do not allow material to enter streams, sewers, or other waterways.
 7.	HANDLING AND STORAGE:
SHE SPE	ORAGE TEMPERATURE (MIN/MAX): None/30 day average not to exceed 38 C (100 F) ELF LIFE
	PERSONAL PROTECTION:
REÇ	QUIRED WORK/HYGIENE PROCEDURES: Exposure during the labeled use of this product is expected to be minimal. Consumers should refer to the packaging label for proper handling procedures. However, if exposure to this product is possible while handling large quantities such as in subsequent manufacturing, transportation spills or other emergencies, the following personal protection is recommended.

MSDS Page 3
Approval date: 02/18/2004 Continued on next page

8. PERSONAL PROTECTION (Continued)

______ EYE PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS.....: Goggles or safey glasses SKIN PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: Long sleeves and trousers HAND PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS.....: Chemical-resistant gloves such as latex or nitrile VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS..... Control exposure levels through the use of general and local exhaust ventilation where needed. RESPIRATOR REQUIREMENTS..... If needed, based on the conditions of use, wear a NIOSH-approved particulate respirator. ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES.....: Clean water should be available for washing in case of eye or skin contamination. Educate and train employees in safe use of the product. Follow all label instructions. Launder clothing after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES: ______ PHYSICAL FORM...... Solid APPEARANCE..... Granules COLOR.... Tan ODOR..... None MOLECULAR WEIGHT..... 255.7 (for imidacloprid) BOILING POINT..... Not applicable MELTING/FREEZING POINT....: 136-144 C (227-291 F) (for imidacloprid) SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 0.51 g/L @ 20 C (for imidacloprid) SPECIFIC GRAVITY Not applicable BULK DENSITY..... 28-35 lb/cu ft VAPOR PRESSURE 1.5 x 10~9 mm @ 20 C (for imidacloprid) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY: STABILITY..... This is a stable material. HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION ...: Will not occur. INCOMPATIBILITIES..... None known INSTABILITY CONDITIONS.....: Strong exothermal reaction above 200 C (for imidacloprid) DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS.....: Proposed decomposition products under extreme conditions such as fire: HCl, HCN, CO, NO(x) (for imidacloprid) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Toxicity studies have not been performed on this product as formulated. The acute toxicity data provided are from similar MERIT granular formulations, both containing a higher percentage of the active ingredient, imidacloprid. The

Approval date: 02/18/2004

MSDS Page 4 Continued on next page

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Continued)

acute eye irritation study has been performed on a formulation containing 0.5% active ingredient. All other acute toxicity data have been extrapolated from a formulation containing 2.5% active ingredient. The non-acute information pertains to imidacloprid.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ORAL LD50.....: Male and Female Rat: >4820 mg/kg
DERMAL LD50.....: Male & Female Rabbit: >2000 mg/kg
INHALATION LC50....: 4 hr. Exposure to Dust: Male and Female Rat: >5.09
mg/L (analytical) -- 1 hr. Exposure to Dust (extrapolated from 4 hr. LC50:
Male and Female Rat: >20 mg/L (analytical)
EYE EFFECTS......: Rabbit: Mild irritation to the conjunctiva was observed with all irritation resolving within 7 days.

SKIN EFFECTS.....: Rabbit: Not a dermal irritant. SENSITIZATION.....: Guinea Pig:: Not a dermal sensitizer.

SUBCHRONIC TOXICITY...: In a 3 week dermal toxicity study, rabbits were treated with the active ingredient, imidacloprid, at the limit dose level of 1000 mg/kg for 6 hours/day, 5 days/week. There were no local or systemic effects observed at any of the levels tested. The no-observed-effect-level (NOEL) was 1000 mg/kg. In a 4 week inhalation study, rats were exposed to dust concentrations of imidacloprid at 5.5, 30.5 and 191.2 mg/m3 for 6 hours/day, 5 days/week. Effects observed at the high concentration included decreased body weight gains, decreased heart and thymus weights, increased liver weights, and induction of the hepatic mixed-function oxidases. Histopathological examinations did not reveal any organ damage or local injury to the respiratory tract. The NOEL was 5.5 mg/m3 based on induction of the hepatic mixed-function oxidases.

CHRONIC TOXICITY.....: Dogs were administered imidacloprid for 1 year at dietary concentrations of 200, 500 or 1250 ppm. Due to the lack of significant effects, the high dose was increased to 2500 ppm at 17 weeks for the remainder of the study. Effects observed at the high dose included decreased food consumption, increased liver weights and elevated serum chemistries. The NOEL was 500 ppm. In chronic studies using rats, imidacloprid was administered for 2 years to rats at dietary concentrations of 100, 300, 900 or 1800 ppm. Histopathology examinations revealed an increased incidence of mineralization in the colloid of the thyroid follicles at concentrations of 300 ppm and greater. At 1800 ppm, there were changes in the serum chemistries and a slight increase in the incidence of parafollicular hyperplasia seen in the thyroids. Body weight gains were reduced at 900 and 1800 ppm. The overall NOEL was 100 ppm.

CARCINOGENICITY.....: Imidacloprid was investigated for carcinogenicity in chronic feeding studies using mice and rats at maximum levels of 2000 and 1800 ppm, respectively. There was no evidence of a carcinogenic potential observed in either species.

MUTAGENICITY.....: The imidacloprid mutagenicity studies, taken collectively, demonstrate that the active ingredient is not genotoxic or mutagenic.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: In a developmental toxicity study using rats, imidacloprid was administered by oral gavage during gestation at doses of 10, 30 or 100 mg/kg. At the maternally toxic dose of 100 mg/kg, skeletal examinations of the fetuses revealed a slight increase in the incidence of

MSDS Page 5
Approval date: 02/18/2004 Continued on next page

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Continued)

wavy ribs. The NOELs for maternal and developmental toxicity were 10 and 30 mg/kg, respectively. Teratogenic effects were not observed at any of the doses tested. Rabbits were administered imidacloprid during gestation at oral doses of 8, 24 or 72 mg/kg. At the maternally toxic dose of 72 mg/kg, reduced body weights and delayed skeletal ossification were observed in the fetuses. The NOELs for maternal and developmental toxicity were 8 and 24 mg/kg, respectively. Teratogenic effects were not observed at any of the doses tested.

REPRODUCTION...... In a reproduction study, imidacloprid was administered to rats for 2 generations at dietary concentrations of 100, 250 or 700 ppm. Offspring at 700 ppm, exhibited reduced mean body weights and body weight gains. No other reproductive effects were observed. The maternal and reproductive NOELs were 100 and 250 ppm, respectively.

NEUROTOXICITY: In an acute oral neurotoxicity study using rats, imidacloprid was administered as a single dose at concentrations of 42, 151 or 307 mg/kg. Clinical observations and neurotoxicity evaluations were performed over a period of 15 days followed by a neurohistopathological examination. Deaths attributed to imidacloprid were observed at the high dose within a day of treatment. The NOEL for motor and locomotor activity was 42 mg/kg for males. Females at the low dose exhibited minimal decrease in activity in the figure-eight maze. In a subsequent study, the NOEL for motor and locomotor activity in females was 20 mg/kg. All clinical signs and neurobehavioral effects were ascribed to acute cholinergic toxicity, with complete recovery at sub-lethal doses within 7 days following treatment. The NOEL for neurotoxicity was 307 mg/kg based on the absence of treatment-related microscopic lesions in skeletal muscle or neural tissue. In a 13 week neurotoxicity study, imidacloprid was administered to rate at dietary concentrations of 140, 963 or 3027 ppm. At the mid- and high-dose, effects observed included reductions in body weight and feed consumption, and clinical chemistry findings. Neurobehavorial changes were observed only in males at the high dose. There were no correlative micropathologic findings in muscle or neural tissues in any animals at any treatment level. The NOEL for neurotoxicity was 3027 ppm. The overall NOEL was 140 ppm.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

This product is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Bayer will provide a summary of specific data upon written request. As with any pesticide, this product should be used according to label directions and should be kept out of streams, lakes and other aquatic habitats of concern.

> MSDS Page 6 Continued on next page

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
waste Disposal Method: Follow container label instructions for disposal of wastes generated during use in compliance with the product label. In other situations, bury in an EPA-approved landfill or burn in an incinerator approved for pesticide destruction. Do not reuse container.
14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION:
TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME: Imidaçloprid FREIGHT CLASS BULK: Insecticides, NOI-NMFC 102120 FREIGHT CLASS PACKAGE: Insecticides, NOI-NMFC 102120 PRODUCT LABEL: Not Noted
DOT (DOMESTIC SURFACE)
PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not hazardous or regulated HAZARD CLASS OR DIVISION: Non-Regulated
IMO / IMDG CODE (OCEAN)
PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not hazardous or regulated HAZARD CLASS DIVISION NUMBER: Non-Regulated
ICAO / IATA (AIR)
PROPER SHIPPING NAME Not hazardous or regulated HAZARD CLASS DIVISION NUMBER: Non-Regulated
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION:
OSHA STATUS This product is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA STATUS This product is exempt from TSCA Regulation under FIFRA Section 3 (2)(B)(ii) when used as a pesticide.
pesticide. CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY: No components listed SARA TITLE III: SECTION 302 EXTREMBLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES: None

MSDS Page 7 Continued on next page

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION (Continued)

SECTION 311/312

HAZARD CATEGORIES.....: Immediate Health Hazard

SECTION 313

TOXIC CHEMICALS....: None

RCRA STATUS...... If discarded in its purchased form, this product

would not be a hazardous waste either by listing or by characteristic. However, under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous

waste. (40 CFR 261.20-24)

16. OTHER INFORMATION:

NFPA 704M RATINGS: Health Flammability Reactivity Other
1 1 1

0=Insignificant 1=Slight 2=Moderate 3=High 4=Extreme

Bayer's method of hazard communication is comprised of Product Labels and Material Safety Data Sheets. NFPA ratings are provided by Bayer as a customer service.

REASON FOR ISSUE..... : Change address and Product Information call number;

Delete Product Code; Revise Section 16.

PREPARED BY...... C. A. Sheehan APPROVED BY...... S. E. Earnest

TITLE..... Systems Services

APPROVAL DATE...... 02/18/2004 SUPERSEDES DATE...... 10/11/1999 MSDS NUMBER...... 32361

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, except that it is accurate to the best knowledge of Bayer CropScience. The data on this sheet relates only to the Specific material designated herein. Bayer CropScience assumes no legal responsibility for use or reliance upon these data.

M\$D\$ Page 8 Last page